# HEALING WOUNDED LANDSCAPES

The role of landscape architects in acheiving post-mining sustainability



### **SVEMINS MILJOKONFERENS**

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### 157

Mine closure professionals surveyed

Common Goals

Technical (9)
Ecological (6)
Socio-economic (5)
Land-use (9)

Respondents

Time Frame
Success
Closure Teams

47-69%

Of respondents surveyed indicated closure goals for their project are **not** acheived

### **Closure Goals**

Are changing

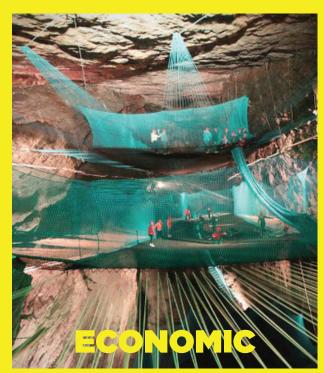
### **Professionals**

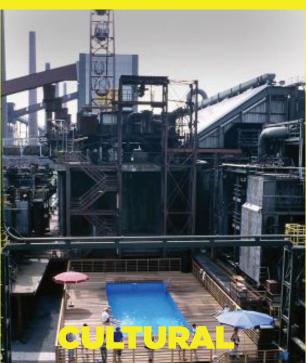
Are not changing





### Closure goals have evolved





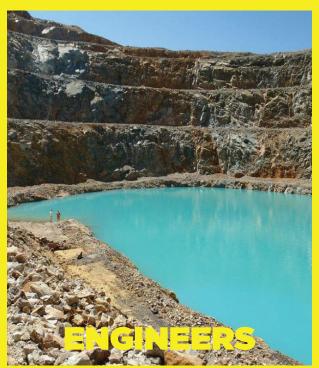


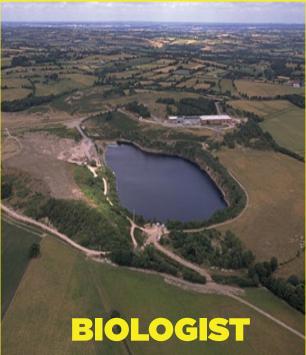
### Closure goals have evolved

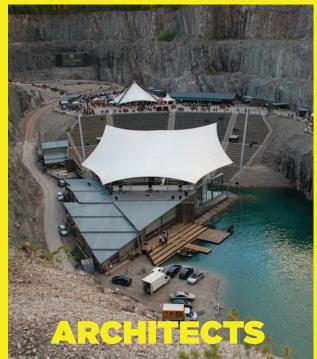
Goals common in the past 10 years include:

**Revenue generation Employment generation Aesthetics Historical Preservation Naturalised Topography** Recreation **Tourism Adaptive Re-use Ecology principles Planting for Biodiversity Multiple Land Uses** 

### Closure teams have not evolved







### Closure teams have not evolved

Closure teams still typically include:

Engineers
Biologists
Hydrologists
Soil scientists

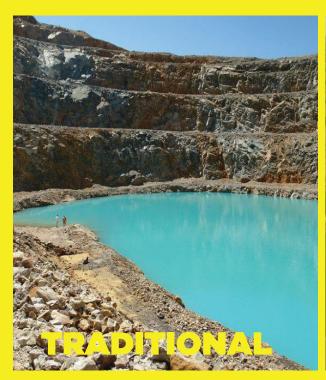
An increase on closure teams has been:

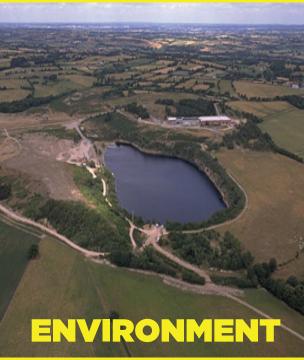
**Engagement Professionals** 

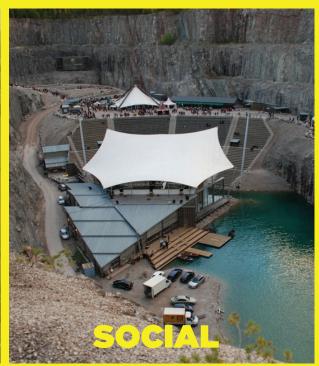
Closure teams infrequently include:

Regional Planners
Landscape Architects
Geomorphologists

### Closure focus







### Closure teams have not evolved

### 100%

indicated land use goal(s) existed on their projects

### 40%

of closure teams had included landscape architects and urban/regional planners

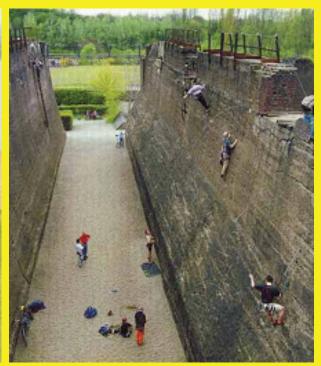
### **36%**

successful achievement for land use goals

### Who was successful?







### Who was successful?

Greatest proportion of successful acheivement:

13/29 Landscape Architects

8/29 Engineers

8/29 Geo-Scientists

Success not always aligned with area of specialty

Not a cause-and-effect relationship

Why landscape architects?

### **Breath of scope**

Utilising knowledge from all aspect of closure

### **Clear goal setting**

Upfront stakeholder engagement with precise goals set

### Coordination

Across the professions

### **Holistic framework**

Typical within Landscape Architecture



land use planning

### **Analysis**

**Evaluation** 

**Goal Setting** 

**Coordination** 

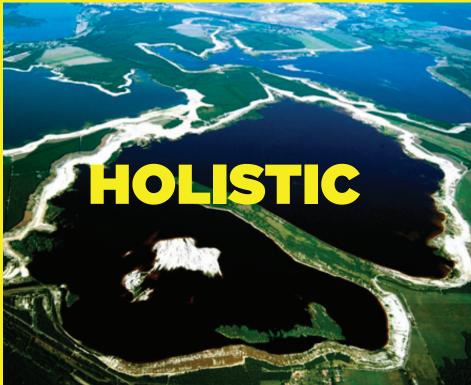
**Detailed Design** 

**Documentation** 

## HOLISTIC THINKING















# Daybreak Community Development

Salt Lake Valley USA

#### Year:

1994-2007

#### Reclamation Issues:

Soil contamination Water contamination

#### End land use:

20,000 Home Community

#### Closure goals achieved:

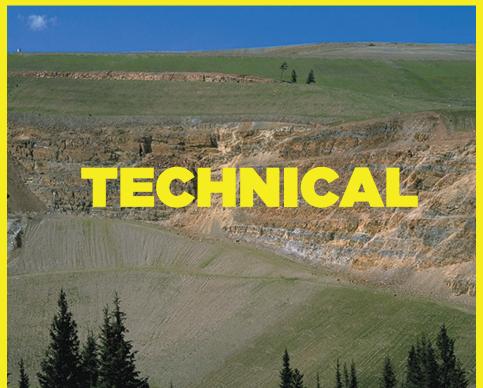
Clean up of contamination
Creation of sustainable community development

#### Key Contributors:

Rio Tinto Kennecott Calthorpe Associates (Urban designers, planners, architects)

#### Project cost vs. annual revenue (post closure):

\$370 million vs. unknown (homes sell for \$100-800,000 USD each)

















### AMD & Art Park Vitondale USA

Year:

1994-2005

#### Reclamation Issues:

Acid Mine Drainage Wetland and Stream Habitat Community Facilities End land use:

Recreational community open space and ongoing AMD remediation

#### Closure goals achieved:

AMD remediation
Usable public open space

#### Key Contributors:

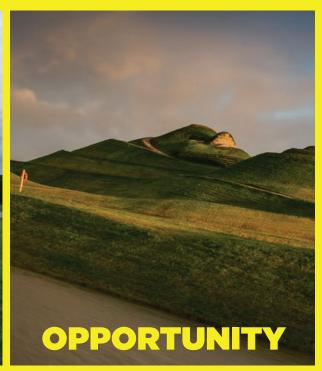
Non-profit AMD&ART VISTA volunteers D.I.R.T Studio Historian Allan Comp Artist Stacey Levy

Project cost vs. annual revenue (post closure): \$334,800 vs. intangible community and environmental health benefits









### Lady of the North

### 3 mill.

Addition cost to Banks

### 20 ha.

Delivered public open space

### 100,000

Visitors in first year

### 140 mill.

Predicted injection into economy

### **Proven Reputation**

Unanimous local government approval for Ferneybeds mine

### Lady of the North

### **Creative Concept**

Creation of ongoing revenue generation for the region

# Holistic Approach Coordination between technical, ecological,

Coordination between technical, ecological, landuse and sico-economic aspects

### **Early Involvement**

Input begins at the planning process

### Collaboration

Between professions

